Borough of White Oak

Financial Statements and Required Supplementary and Supplementary Information

Year Ended December 31, 2013 with Independent Auditor's Report



YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

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Independent Auditor's Report

Members of Council Borough of White Oak

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Borough of White Oak (Borough), Pennsylvania, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Borough's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the propose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary activity of the Borough as of December 31, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the

Members of Council Borough of White Oak Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages i through xiv and the pension and OPEB information on pages 44 through 48 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Borough's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and special revenue fund budgetary information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and special revenue fund budgetary information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Maher Duessel

Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania October 30, 2014

This section of the Borough of White Oak's (Borough) financial statements presents a narrative overview and analysis of the Borough's financial performance for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013. The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements and notes, which follow in order to obtain a thorough understanding of the Borough of White Oak's financial condition at December 31, 2013. The Management's Discussion and Analysis provides a comparative analysis between 2013 and 2012 of the government-wide data.

REVIEWING THE ANNUAL AUDIT REPORT

The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide information about the Borough's primary activities.

The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on the Borough's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in one column.

The government-wide statements report information about the Borough as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used in the private sector. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the Borough's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities.

The two government-wide statements report the Borough's net position and how it may have changed. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the Borough's assets and liabilities, except fiduciary funds. Net position is one way to measure the Borough's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position are an indicator of whether the financial health is improving or deteriorating. The Statement of Activities focuses on how the net position changed during the year.

THE BOROUGH AS A WHOLE ANALYSIS

These statements give an account of the Borough's net position and any changes to that position. However, to truly judge the condition of the Borough, some non-financial factors, such as diversification of the taxpayer base or the condition of the Borough's infrastructure, must be considered in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities divide the Borough into two (2) types of activities:

- 1) Governmental activities: The Borough's basic services are accounted for in this section, including the police, fire, public works, parks department and general administration. Property taxes, franchise fees, and state and federal grants finance the majority of these activities.
- 2) Business-type activities: The activities are reported in the fund financial statements and generally report services for which the Borough charges customers a fee. There are two (2) kinds of business-type activities. These are enterprise funds and internal service funds.

Enterprise funds essentially encompass the same functions reported as business-type activities in the government-wide statements. Services are provided to customers external to the Borough organization. The Borough has no internal service funds.

DETAILING THE MOST IMPORTANT FUNDS

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most important funds of the Borough. Certain funds are mandated by State law and by bond agreements. Other funds are established to manage money, meet legal requirements or for certain taxes or grants.

The Borough has Governmental, Proprietary and Fiduciary Funds.

Government Funds: Basic services are reported in government funds. Government fund financial statements detail how money flows in and out of the funds and reports the balances left at year-end that are on hand for disbursement. Government funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting. This method measures cash and financial assets that can easily be converted to cash. The governmental fund accountability focuses on the use of spendable resources during the year and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the next term.

Budgetary comparison statements are included in the basic financial statements for the general fund and major revenue fund. These statements and schedules demonstrate compliance within the Borough adopted and final revised budget.

Proprietary Funds: Proprietary funds (aka business type) are those the Borough charges for services it provides both to Borough units and outside customers. Proprietary funds are reported in Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets. The Borough's enterprise funds, a component of proprietary funds, are the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements, but they give more detailed information such as cash flow.

Fiduciary Funds: The Borough is the trustee, or fiduciary, for three (3) retirement benefit plans: non-uniformed pension plan, uniformed pension plan, and the retired life/post retirement benefit plan. The plans cover all full-time employees. The Borough is responsible for ensuring that assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose. All of the Borough's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of Fiduciary Net Assets and Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets. These are excluded from the government-wide financial statements because the Borough cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Note: The Post Retirement Benefit Fund is reflected as fiduciary fund in the financial statements although the funds have not been deposited into an irrevocable trust as it is the intent to permanently isolate the funds for future payment of the other post-retirement benefits. Council needs to make a decision as to whether or not to establish the fund as an irrevocable trust.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The statement of Net Position is a government-wide financial statement required under GASB Statement No. 34. In this statement, governments report all capital assets, including infrastructure, net of accumulated depreciation.

The term "net position" replaces the term "net assets" as the difference between assets and liabilities.

The Statement of Net Position is designed to display a basic accounting relationship: assets minus liabilities equal net position. The statement reports the assets that a government owns and the liabilities that it owes as of the last day of the fiscal year. Net position is those assets remaining after liabilities have been paid off or otherwise satisfied.

The Borough's net position at December 31, 2013 was \$9,314,261, of which \$6,305,499 is net investment in capital assets. Capital assets account for approximately 64.9% of the Borough total assets of \$9,849,485. The remainder of the Borough's assets includes cash and cash equivalents and receivables.

The Borough's net position at December 31, 2012 was \$9,170,089, of which \$3,095,789 is net investment in capital assets. Capital assets account for approximately 49.4% of the Borough total assets of \$13,504,367. The remainder of the Borough's assets includes cash and cash equivalents and receivables.

The Borough's total liabilities are \$535,224 as of December 31, 2013 and consist of long-term debt, accounts payable and other accrued liabilities. At December 31, 2012, the Borough's total liabilities are \$4,334,278 and consist of long-term debt, accounts payable, and other accrued liabilities.

The dramatic decrease in the total liabilities of the Borough was due to the fact that the 10-year Pennsylvania Infrastructure Banking Loan (PIB) was pre-paid. Principal in the amount of \$3,673,366 and interest in the amount of \$95,520 were paid in December. This decision was made as the Borough was paying out more in interest on the loan than it was earning on the remaining proceeds from the loan.

The Borough authorized the engineering firm to investigate the White Oak Athletic Association site for possible installation of insulation. This inspection was started in November, and then in December, Council discussed the possibility of a complete rehabilitation project at the site. There were professional service fees associated with these two issues of \$450 in 2007. In 2008, there were professional services fees associated with the expanded project of \$4,743 in engineering fees and \$3,368 in geotechnical core drilling/analysis report, \$6,964 in surveying fees and \$2,200 in environmental fees. These services totaled \$17,275 in 2008. In 2009, 2010, 2011, and 2012, there were no expenses associated with this ongoing project

The Borough has had a strong commitment for construction of a community center. In preparing for this project, the engineering firm was authorized to start preliminary work. In 2008, there were professional services fees associated with the project of \$3,359 in engineering fees and \$721 in geotechnical core drilling/analysis report and \$4,394 in surveying fees. These services totaled \$8,474 in 2008. In 2009, 2010, 2011, and 2012, there were no expenses

associated with this ongoing project. In 2013, the Borough had engineering expenses associated with a community center project totaling \$12,051.

Council did allocate \$43,600 in the General Fund to be transferred to Capital Projects for this project in 2013. This transfer was made and assigned to a reserve for the Community Center, along with a realignment of an additional \$200,000 from the reserve for a total reserve allocation in 2013 of \$532,100.

In December 2011, the Borough did receive written confirmation from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Department of Conservation and Natural Resources (DCNR) that a \$500,000 matching grant has been awarded to the Borough. At this time, the Borough has not made a formal commitment to accept or reject this grant. A decision to proceed with this project was not formally made until 2014.

Capital purchases included the following:

Description	Department	Costs
Taser	Police Dept	\$1,681.95
Desk Top Computer	Police Dept	1,470.00
Cruiser – SUV	Police Dept	34,724.00
Bullet Resistant Vests	Police Dept	9,071.50
Computer Server	Office/Admin	7,155.00
Radio Repeater	Police/PW Dept	7,826.20
Building Upgrade – Salt Shed Roof	PW Dept	5,135.00
Building Upgrade – Library Door	Library	1,392.00
TOTAL COSTS		\$68,455.65

Infrastructure

The infrastructure projects included storm sewer/French drain projects, and catch basin projects:

Project No.	Description	Cost
13-01	Catch Basin – Midway/Circle Drive	\$1,058.36
13-02	Storm Sewer Tap in 220 Cool Springs Road	1,704.90
13-03	Catch Basin – 1621 Ohio Avenue	4,940.02
13-04	Storm Sewer Tap In 1621 Ohio Avenue	1,787.44
13-05	Storm Sewer – Patch Pipe McCully/Glass Street	674.68
13-06	Catch Basin – 1425 Kansas	1,264.44
13-07	Catch Basin – Skelly St/California Ave.	1,910.60
13-08	Storm Sewer – Pennsylvania Avenue	673.78
13-09	Catch Basin – 203 Circle Drive	2,641.32
13-10	Catch Basin – McClure @ Rite Aid	931.30
13-11	Catch Basin – 2645 Messinger Lane	2,207.12
TOTAL COSTS		\$19,793.86

When calculating the cost of projects done in-house, wages, FICA and Medicare costs are included along with Borough equipment costs (use current FEMA rate) and cost of materials.

Note that the Uniformed Pension Plan, Non-Uniformed Pension Plan, and retired Employee Benefit Fund are not included in the Net Asset Value, as they are considered "trust arrangements" which fall under the category of fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are not reported in the government-wide statements, because they account for assets not belonging to the government. The total combined net position of these funds is \$6,813,182 at December 31, 2013, \$6,528,604 at December 31, 2012, \$5,884,704 at December 31, 2011, and \$5,432,965 at December 31, 2010. (Page 15 of Report)

OTHER FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Government -Wide Financial Statements - Page 2 of Report

Program revenues for fiscal year 2013 of \$1,248,360 consist mainly of charges for services (63.3%), which relate mainly to solid waste billing. General revenues of \$3,424,631 consist mainly of real estate and earned income taxes. Expenses totaled \$4,528,820 and relate to provision of services such as public safety, sanitation, public works, and general government. The total change in net assets at December 31, 2013 is a positive \$144,172. For the government-wide financial statements, transfers have been eliminated. Note that there is an increase of \$22,127 in the general revenues from 2012 to 2013.

Program revenues for fiscal year 2012 of \$1,370,939 consist mainly of charges for services (64.4%) which relate mainly to solid waste billing. A change in the format of season pool pass fees helped to generate additional charges for services for the Heritage Hill Park Fund in 2010. The increase in pool passes realized in 2010, under the new fee schedule, seems to have carried though in 2011, 2012, and 2013. Although total revenues in 2013 were down, this was due to a decrease in daily admissions as well as after-hour pool parties. This can be attributed to the inclement weather during the season. General revenues of \$3,402,504 consist mainly of real estate and earned income taxes. Expenses totaled \$4,505,313 and relate to provision of services such as public safety, sanitation, public works, and general government. The total change in net assets at December 31, 2012 is a positive \$216,467. For the government-wide financial statements, transfers have been eliminated.

Fund Statements - Page 5 of Report

For the year ending December 31, 2013, real estate and other taxes (EIT, BP, MT, RAD) account for the majority of the Borough revenues (85.0%). Without the RAD and Miscellaneous Taxes being included, that percent is reduced to 80.33%. For the year ending December 31, 2012, real estate and other taxes (EIT, BP, MT, RAD) account for the majority of the Borough revenues (92%). Without the RAD and Miscellaneous Taxes being included, that percent is reduced to 86.3%.

Real Estate Taxes and Assessed Value

White Oak levies millage rates for general purposes and fire protection. There is not a separate levy for fire protection; it is a combined general purpose levy which includes general purpose allocations for fire protection. Below is a breakdown of the assessed value, millage rate, and face value of statements. Certified value as of January 1, 2013 was \$406,261,608.

(Value as of 12/31)	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Assessed Value 12/31	\$335,915,588	\$336,655,388	\$330,443,463	\$338,761,618	\$391,707,107
Purpose					
General	4.16	4.16	5.66	5.66	4.66
Fire	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	4.16	4.16	5.66	5.66	4.66
Face Value of Statement	\$1,397,408	\$1,400,486	\$1,870,310	\$1,917,390	\$1,825,355.

The taxable assessed value shows a decrease from 1/1/2013 to 12/31/2013 of \$14,545,501, which represents a decrease of \$67,824. For the period from 1/1/2012 to 12/31/2012, the taxable assessed value showed an increase of \$1,586,450, which represents an increase of \$8,879 in real estate tax. The taxable assessed value shows a decrease from 1/1/2011 to 12/31/2011 of \$848,730, which represents a decrease of \$4,719 in real estate taxes.

Based on 2013 information, approximately 90% of the real estate tax levy is paid at the 2% discount rate, another 5% paid at face, 4.4% paid at penalty, and another .6% in unpaid real estate tax.

Based on 2012 information, approximately 86% of the real estate tax levy is paid at the 2% discount rate, another 5.5% was paid at face value, while 2.7% was paid at penalty. This left approximately 5.8% that is turned over to the Delinquent Real Estate Tax Collection (Keystone Municipal Collection) of which about two thirds would be considered collectible. A large number of the delinquent accounts are properties that Allegheny County has no current mailing address for.

The Borough turned over a total of \$112,836 for 2012 and \$109,435 for 2013 in tax levies to Keystone Municipal Collections, the Borough's Delinquent/Liened Real Estate Tax Collector.

By law, the delinquent accounts are to be turned over to the delinquent collector at year's end. It takes the current collector approximately one month to review the tax counterfoils and prepare the delinquent listing.

The 2013 median value of a residential home within White Oak Borough was \$79,800. In 2012, median value of a residential home within White Oak Borough was \$76,200. This value is listed on the Allegheny County Website – Municipal Map, Community Profile Page.

Based on 2013 median value, property owners would pay the following in real estate taxes at face. The Borough tax levy remained the same from 2011 to 2012.

Taxing Jurisdiction	2011	2012	2013
County (11-4.69) (12-5.69) (13 4.73)	\$340.03	\$433.58	\$377.45
Borough (11-5.66) (12-5.66) (13 4.66)	410.35	431.30	371.76
School District (11-17.05)(12-17.49) (13 15.22)	1,236.13	1,332.74	1,214.56
TOTAL	\$1,986.51	\$2,197.62	\$1,963.76

In 2011, Allegheny County did a reassessment of all real estate. The new values were to have been instituted in 2012, but were delayed until 2013 by Court Order. The last total County reassessment took place in 2001 and was effective in 2002. There were a large number of

appeals filed by property owners. It took approximately two (2) years for final decisions to be rendered on all of the appeals. It must be anticipated that this will occur with this new round of reassessments.

A summary of revenues and expenses (including transfers) for the major Proprietary Funds and a Budget to Actual Comparison from the General Fund is as follows:

Proprietary Funds – Expenses vs. Revenues - Page 11 of Report 2013

Fund Name	Expenses	Revenues	Non-	+/- Expenses Over
			Operating	Revenues
Swimming Pool	\$159,541	\$95,323		+64,218
Solid Waste Disposal	558,567	564,839		-6,272
Other Recreation Fund	12,788	13,142		- 354

2012

Fund Name	Expenses	Revenues	Non-	+/- Expenses Over
			Operating	Revenues
Swimming Pool	\$171,977	\$100,661		+\$71,316
Solid Waste Disposal	592,453	623,870		-31,417
Other Recreation Fund	10,446	9,282		+1,164

As of December 31, 2013, the Pool/Park Fund contains a due to the General Fund. That amount is \$191,850 and is for payroll expenditures. It is suggested that the Borough consider writing off this balance, which represents three (3) years of unreimbursed payroll expenses.

General Fund Comparison and Budgeted and Actual - Page 7 of Report

The 2013 revenues were \$210,895 more than the adopted Budget.

The 2013 actual expenditures were 740,540 less than budgeted.

The 2012 revenues were \$345,986 more than the adopted Budget.

The 2011 actual expenditures were \$475,931 less than budgeted.

It is suggested that in the future, if the financial status of the Borough is sound, officials consider placing any unused expense allocations for specific projects – parks, playgrounds, public works projects and equipment purchases into the Capital Projects Fund for future purchases, upgrades, improvements, and or development.

Capital Assets - Pages 30/31 of Report

The Borough's capital assets as of December 31, 2013, net of accumulated depreciation, amounted to \$6,393,485. The Borough's capital assets as of December 31, 2012, net of accumulated depreciation, amounted to \$6,668,699. Capital assets consist primarily of land,

buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure. Detailed information concerning capital assets can be found in Note 4 of the financial statements.

Capital Leases

In 2013, the Borough did not enter into any new commercial capital leases.

Long-Term Debt - Pages 33-35 of Report

The Borough currently has no outstanding bond issues; therefore, the Borough has no bond rating at this time. The Borough does have several loans that have a term of five (5) years or longer.

Loan	Issue	Original	Interest	Term	Maturity	Principal	Interest as	Total
	Date	Value	Rate	(Years)	Date	Balance as of	of 12/13	Principal &
						12/13		Interest Due
WO#1 – fire truck	Oct 03	\$150,000	2.00	15 years	Nov 2018	\$53,426	\$2,753	\$ 56,179
WOB Aim Loan	April 10	108,666	1.79	5 years	April 2015	43,466	1,167	44,633
WOB PIB Loan	March 10	108,666	1.625	5 years	March 2015	44,520	1,088	45,608
TOTAL						\$ 141,412	\$5,008	\$146,420

At December 31, 2013, the Borough had \$141,412 in short-term debt. This amount was drastically reduced when the PIB Loan for a three (3) road paving project was pre-paid in 2013.

At December 31, 2012, the Borough had \$4,166,348 in long-term and short-term debt. The majority secured by the Borough was for a three (3) year road rehab program. The project was started in 2010 and continued in 2011 and was completed in 2012. The loan for this project still has an outstanding balance (principal/interest) of \$3,947,032.

The balance of \$53,426 (principal and interest) was secured by the Borough for the purchase of fire equipment for White Oak V.F.C. #1.

The total outstanding debt (loans and compensated absences), in the amount of \$355,500 as of December 31, 2013, represents a small per household burden of \$98.45 (3,611 occupied units, 2010 census). This also represents a small per capita burden of \$46.39 (7,663 population – 2010 Census). Detailed information about the Borough's outstanding debt can be found in Note 6 of the financial statement. Note: 2010 Census indicates there are 3,888 housing units in the Borough, of which 277 are vacant.

The total outstanding debt (loans and compensated absences) as of December 31, 2012 represents a small per household burden of \$1,154 (3,611 occupied units, 2010 census). This also represents a small per capita burden of \$544 (7,663 in households – 2010 Census). Detailed information about the Borough's outstanding debt can be found in Note 6 of the financial statements. Note: 2010 Census indicates there are 3,888 housing units in the Borough, of which 277 are vacant.

There are several other loans that the Borough has verbally/morally and/or collateralized real property or financial funding for the fire companies.

Rainbow V.F.C.

Secured a 2% loan through PEMA for \$100,000 in November 2001. The loan matures in November 2016. The outstanding principal as of December 31, 2013 is \$23,153.63 with outstanding interest of \$662.00.

Secured a 2.82% loan for \$100,000 through S & T Bank. This loan matures in January 2022. The purpose of the loan is to purchase a truck that would be able to access narrow cartways (public/private). The outstanding principal as of December 31, 2013 is \$82,950 with outstanding interest of \$9,954.66.

White Oak V.F.C. #1

Secured a 2% loan through PEMA for \$150,000 in November 2003. The loan matures in November 2018. The outstanding principal as of December 31, 2013 is \$42,970.62 with outstanding interest of \$2,755.92.

These loans for Rainbow V.F.C. and White Oak V.F.C. #1 (principal/interest) are paid for by the Borough thorough the Fire Fund Reserve and annual allocation. The Borough did not guarantee these loans; therefore, we are not required to list these on our debt statement.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds encompass the Non-Uniformed Pension Plan, Uniformed Pension Plan, and the Retirement Trust Fund. The assets from these funds cannot be used by the Borough to finance any operations.

Non-Uniformed Pension

	2012	2013
Beginning Balance* (Cash)	\$1,707,905	\$1,907,067
REVENUES		
Interest Income**	67,947	63,353
Unrealized Gains/Losses	57,096	27,640
Foreign Casualty Ins.	42,913	46,612
MMO	49,887	60,425
Employee Contributions	20,312	17,847
Total Revenues	238,155	215,877
EXPENDITURES		
Administration Fees (Principal &	17,426	14,349
Mockenhaupt)		
Pension Benefits – Monthly	21,567	21,567
Pension – Refund Employee	0	0
Contri		
Pension Benefits-Lump Sum	0	281,924
Total Expenditures	38,993	317,840

	1	
Ending Balance***	1,907,067	1,805,104
Net Fund Balance	199,162	(101,963)
MMO Requirement	92,800	107,037
Per Unit Stock Value 1/1 Per	15.1153507	17.9245381
Share		
Total All Shares 5,657.30 1/1	85,512	101,404
Per Unit Stock Value 12/31	17.9245381	31.3107602
Total All Shares 5,657.30 12/31	101,404	177,134

Balance as of December 31, 2013 in General Investment was \$1,805,104, while the year-end balance in the value of the Principal Financial Group Stock Account was \$177,134.

Balance as of January 1, 2013 is comprised of funds assigned to investment with a guaranteed rate of return or minimal risk factor. That value is \$1,907,067. The value of the stock at the beginning of 2013 was \$101,404.

The annual interest income rate of return for 2013 was 4.03%, for general investments with a 74.68% increase in the value of the common stock.

Balance as of December 31, 2012 in General Investment was \$1,805,663, while the year-end balance in the value of the Principal Financial Group Stock Account was \$101,404.

Balance as of January 1, 2012 is comprised of funds assigned to investment with a guaranteed rate of return or minimal risk factor. That value is \$1,621,047. The value of the stock at the beginning of 2012 was \$74.092.

The annual interest income rate of return for 2012 was 4.4%, for general investments with an 18.59% increase in the value of the common stock.

Additional Notes:

The Non-Uniformed Pension Plan had an allocated balance of \$412,138 for retirees/non-retired participants at the beginning of 2013 and \$360,174 for retirees/non-retired participants at the end of 2013. The statement for this fund does not provide a breakdown of interest income earned between the allocated and unallocated balances. The non-allocated balance at the beginning of 2013 was \$1,217,171 and at the end of 2013 was \$1,193,569.

The amount received from Foreign Fire Insurance was not at a level sufficient enough to cover the MMO (\$107,037) for 2013. Therefore, the Borough was required to contribute \$46,612 under the MMO.

The Non-Uniformed Pension Plan had an allocated balance of \$364,494 for retirees/non-retired participants at the beginning of 2012 and \$412,138 for retirees/non-retired participants at the

end of 2012. The statement for this fund does not provide a breakdown of interest income earned between the allocated and unallocated balances. The non-allocated balance at the beginning of 2012 was \$1,166,749 and at the end of 2012 was \$1,217,171.

Uniformed Pension Plan

	2012	2013
Beginning Balance* (Cash)	\$3,737,638	\$4,098,194
REVENUES		
Interest Income**	196,812	189,015
Unrealized Gains/Losses	180,069	176,783
Foreign Casualty Ins.	78,674	85,456
MMO	88,971	90,325
Employee Contributions	48,010	42,391
Total Revenues	592,536	583,970
EXPENDITURES		
Administration Fees (Principal &	17,426	13,836
Mockenhaupt)		
Pension Benefits	214,554	247,227
Total Expenditures	231,980	261,063
Ending Balance****	4,098,194	4,421,101
Net Fund Balance	\$360,556	\$322,907
1		
MMO Requirement	\$167,645	\$175,781
Per Unit Stock Value 1/1 Per Share	15.1153507	17.9245381
Total All Shares 19,010.6 1/1	287,352	340,935
Per Unit Stock Value 12/31	17.9245381	31.3107602
Total All Shares 19,010.6 12/31	340,756	595,236

Balance as of December 31, 2013 in General Investment was \$4,421,101, while the year-end balance in the value of the Principal Financial Group Stock Account was \$595,236.

Balance as of January 1, 2013 is comprised of funds assigned to investment with a guaranteed rate of return or minimal risk factor. That value is \$3,757,259. The remainder of the beginning balance of \$340,935 is the value of the stock at the beginning of 2013.

The annual interest income rate of return for 2013 was 4.27 for general investments with a 74.68% increase in the value of the common stock.

Balance as of December 31, 2012 in General Investment was \$4,515,036, while the year-end balance in the value of the Principal Financial Group Stock Account was \$340,756.

Balance as of January 1, 2012 is comprised of funds assigned to investment with a guaranteed rate of return or minimal risk factor. That

value is \$3,516,720. The remainder of the beginning balance of \$287,352 is the value of the stock at the beginning of 2012.

The annual interest income rate of return for 2012 was 4.61 for general investments with an 18.58% increase in the value of the common stock.

Additional Notes:

The Uniformed Pension Plan had an allocated balance \$1,054,193 for retiree participants at the beginning of 2013, and at the end of 2013 the allocated balance for retiree participants is \$1,026,057. The statement for this fund does not provide a breakdown of interest income earned between the allocated and unallocated balances. The non-allocated balance at the beginning of 2013 was \$3,078,3624 and at the end of the year the non-allocated balance was \$3,222,122.

The amount received from Foreign Casualty Insurance was not at a level sufficient enough to cover the MMO (\$175,781) for 2013. Therefore, the Borough was required to contribute \$90,325 under the MMO.

The Uniformed Pension Plan had an allocated balance \$1,403,856 for retiree participants at the beginning of 2012 and at the end of 2012 the allocated balance for retiree participants is \$1,054,193. The statement for this fund does not provide a breakdown of interest income earned between the allocated and unallocated balances. The non-allocated balance at the beginning of 2012 was \$2,903,694 and at the end of the year the non-allocated balance was \$3,078,362.

Retired Employee Benefit Fund

Funds are accumulated to assist in covering the future liabilities listed below:

Non-Uniformed Employees (Union/Non-Union)

\$2,000.00 Cash Benefit \$5,000.00 Paid Up Life Insurance

2012-1; 2017-1; 2022-1; 2008-1; 2014 - 1; 2015-1; 2023-1; 2025-1; 2026-1; 2037-1 2018-1; 2027-1; 2029-1

An Actuarial Study, dated May 1, 2013, indicated the Borough will need to set aside \$849 for the next 30 years to cover the cost of the current non-uniformed employees.

(Actual Liabilities 01/01/2012 – Public Works \$7,167. Admin/Office \$8,434 – Annual Cost Public Works \$392; Admin Office \$457– Total Annual Cost for all Non-Uniformed Employee is \$849)

Uniformed (Current Employees as of 1/1/2009)

Under the current agreement, the Borough is required to provide medical healthcare (includes dental/vision employee only) expenses as well as term-life coverage in the amount of \$8,000. Prior CBAs granted term-life benefits to officers that have since retired. The amount of coverage is \$5,000 for one (1) and \$8,000 for the other five (5) retirees. The recent arbitration

award eliminated the post- retirement medical, RX, dental and vision for future hires (hired after 1/1/2009). The elimination of post-retirement benefits for future hires is saving the Borough approximately \$28,000 annually.

The Borough currently carries term life insurance at several levels of benefits for six (6) retired police officers. The premiums associated with the post retirement benefit are paid for out of the General Fund reducing the amount transferred to the Post Retirement Benefit Fund.

Under a Special Settlement and Mutual Release Agreement, the Borough is required to provide medical, dental, RX and vision coverage to a spouse if the spouse is no longer covered by a similar benefit (at no cost to the spouse). The spouse is eligible for Medicare coverage in January 2015. If for some reason the spouse would be required to contribute toward her current premium or if the medical coverage were lost, the potential liability to the Borough could be \$5,100 annually or approximately \$15,750 (as of 12/31/2011) until eligible for Medicare. The potential liability is based on current premium rates. To date, the spouse has secured coverage through her current employment.

(Actual Liabilities 01/01/2012 – Police – Medical/RX/Dental/Vision \$790,331; Life Insurance \$39,585. – Annual Cost Medical/RX/Dental Vision \$43,419; Life Insurance \$1,511 – Total Annual Cost for All Uniformed Retired/Current Employees is \$44,930)

The funds to cover these future liabilities for all retirees after December 31, 2008 are being set aside in a special fund to cover these expenses.

*ARC – Annual Required Contribution	2012	2013
Beginning Balance		
Checking	\$439,161	\$523,.343
Due from GF		
Total Beginning Balance		523,3423
ARC * Transfer	78,280	68,104
Interest Income	5,902	680
Total Revenues	84,182	68,784
Expenditures		
\$2000 Cash Benefit Upon Retirement		2,000
\$5000 Paid Up Policy Upon Retirement		0
Medical Benefits (Hospitalization, Dental,		0
Vision, Term Life)		
Transfer to GF – cover current year expenses	0	
Administrative Expenses	0	3,105
Total Expenditures	0	5,105
Due to General Fund		4,087
Total Expenditures & Liabilities		9,192
Net Fund Balance	\$523,343	\$582,935

Based on the Actuarial Evaluation secured in 2012 for the Post-Retirement Benefits, the Borough needs to allocate \$44,930 on an annual basis for the next 30 years to cover the costs

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR BOROUGH OF WHITE OAK

December 31, 2013

of the benefits for the current employees. Based on current GAS#45 regulations, this study must be completed every three (3) years. This study was authorized in the fall of 2012, but was not available for 2013 budget preparation.

<u>Deferred Compensation Plan – 457B</u> - (page 43 of Report)

The Deferred Compensation Plan – 457B (Program) is offered to all full-time employees of the Borough and is administered through two separate companies. In 2006, the Borough assigned the plan exclusively to Lord Abbett.

Citi-Group was removed as an authorized vendor under this program. The Program allows employees to withhold a specific dollar amount (minimum \$25.00 per month) from each paycheck that is then turned over to the private investment company and placed in various investment vehicles picked by the employee. This Program is similar in nature to a 401(k). Political sub-divisions are not permitted to sponsor 401(k) plans. Under the Program, the employer (Borough) can not make contributions to an employee's accounts which can be done under a 401(k). This program enables an employee to supplement his retirement benefit(s). The amount withheld is not taxed in the year it is withheld it is taxed when distributed to the employee. There is an amount still held by Citi-Group which is for a retired employee and one active employee. The major balance of the assets is held by Lord Abbett. The assets of these funds are not available to the Borough. As these assets are held in trust for employees/retirees, the Borough is not required to include the plan in its financial statements. As of December 31, 2013, current and retired employees has a combined assets value of \$303,666.

Miscellaneous Notes

Under GASB Statement No. 54, any funds which do not have a direct source of income other than transfers from another fund are to be considered general purpose funds. This would include the Fire Funds and the Capital Project Fund. At the December 19, 2011 Regular Meeting, the Borough did place a reserve on the 12/31 fund balance for the Fire Funds and the Capital Project Fund; the balances as of December 31, 2013 are \$326,145 and \$861,606, respectively.

All future budgets will be developed with these two (2) funds being considered general purpose funds, but will not be comingled with the General Fund. The Fire Funds and Capital Project Fund will be comingled under the annual resolution adopting the budget revenue and expenditures appropriations.

CONTACTING THE BOROUGH'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Borough's finances and to demonstrate the Borough's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact: Borough of White Oak, 2280 Lincoln Way, White Oak, Pennsylvania, 15131.

N. J. Greenland Borough Secretary

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$ 2,282,940	\$ 222,875	\$ 2,505,815
Taxes	541,643	_	541,643
Other, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	211,013		211,013
of \$38,273	27,150	233,136	260,286
Internal balances	210,544	(210,544)	-
Net pension asset	73,784	<u>-</u>	73,784
Net OPEB asset	74,472	-	74,472
Capital assets, not being depreciated	758,866	50,000	808,866
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	5,205,383	379,236	5,584,619
Total Assets	9,174,782	674,703	9,849,485
Liabilities			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	78,011	41,301	119,312
Accrued liabilities	43,713		43,713
Due to fiduciary funds	16,699	-	16,699
Non-current liabilities:			
Due within one year	54,410	-	54,410
Due in more than one year	301,090		301,090
Total Liabilities	493,923	41,301	535,224
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	5,876,263	429,236	6,305,499
Liquid fuels	39,169	_	39,169
Unrestricted	2,765,427	204,166	2,969,593
Total Net Position	\$ 8,680,859	\$ 633,402	\$ 9,314,261

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

					Progr	am Revenues			Net (Expense)	(Expense) Revenue and Chan			Position
Functions/Programs	1	Expenses		narges for Services	G	Operating Frants and Intributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	G	overnmental Activities		siness-Type Activities T		Total
Primary Government: Governmental activities: General government Public safety Public works Culture and recreation Interest on long-term debt	\$	732,881 2,047,081 836,449 82,552 98,961	\$	69,042 39,737 8,211 325	\$	148,581 132,046 177,351 572	\$ - - - -	\$	(515,258) (1,875,298) (650,887) (81,655) (98,961)	\$	- - - -	\$	(515,258) (1,875,298) (650,887) (81,655) (98,961)
Total governmental activities		3,797,924		117,315		458,550			(3,222,059)				(3,222,059)
Business-type activities: Solid waste services Recreation Heritage Hill Park		558,567 12,788 159,541		564,030 13,142 95,323		- -	- - -		- - -		5,463 354 (64,218)		5,463 354 (64,218)
Total business-type activities		730,896		672,495					_		(58,401)		(58,401)
Total Primary Government	\$	4,528,820	\$	789,810	\$	458,550	\$ -		(3,222,059)		(58,401)		(3,280,460)
	Tax Pi E B R O Invo	ral revenues: es: roperty taxes, le arned income ta usiness privileg AD sales tax ther taxes levie estment earning nchise fees	ax ge tax d for gen		ses, net o	f uncollectible	S		1,793,504 925,814 212,886 179,408 132,152 23,435 157,432		- - - - - 1		1,793,504 925,814 212,886 179,408 132,152 23,436 157,432
		Total general	revenues	and transfers					3,424,631		1_		3,424,632
		(Change i	n Net Position	n				202,572		(58,400)		144,172
		1	Net Posit Begin	tion: ning of year					8,478,287		691,802		9,170,089
			End of	f year				\$	8,680,859	\$	633,402	\$	9,314,261

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

DECEMBER 31, 2013

						Other		
					Capital		ernmental	
	General	Capital Debt Fund		Projects		Fund - Liquid		
	Fund				Fund	Fuels Fund		Total
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,373,512	\$	_	\$	861,606	\$	47,822	\$ 2,282,940
Receivables (net, where applicable,								
of allowance for uncollectibles):								
Taxes	541,643		-		-		-	541,643
Other	27,150		-		-		-	27,150
Due from other funds	270,718							270,718
Total Assets	\$ 2,213,023	\$		\$	861,606	\$	47,822	\$ 3,122,451
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$ 69,358	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,653	\$ 78,011
Accrued liabilities	43,713		-		-		-	43,713
Due to other funds	76,873		-					76,873
Total Liabilities	189,944						8,653	198,597
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Unavailable revenue - taxes	222,787		-					222,787
Fund Balance:								
Restricted:								
Liquid fuels	-		-		-		39,169	39,169
Assigned:								
Fire protection	326,145		-		-		-	326,145
Capital projects	-		-		861,606		-	861,606
Unassigned	1,474,147				<u>-</u>			1,474,147
Total Fund Balance	1,800,292				861,606		39,169	2,701,067
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,								
and Fund Balance	\$ 2,213,023	\$		\$	861,606	\$	47,822	\$ 3,122,451

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2013

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds				\$ 2,701,067
Amounts reported for governmental activities position are different because:	in the statement of net			
Capital assets used in governmental active resources and, therefore, are not reported as funds. The cost of the assets is \$9,222,21 depreciation is \$3,257,970.	assets in governmental			5,964,249
Property taxes and earned income taxes rece collected next year, but are not considered a pay for the current period's expenditures and, t				
in the funds.				222,787
The net pension asset is not a financial resource reported as an asset in governmental funds.	ee and, therefore, it is not			73,784
The net OPEB asset is not a financial resourc reported as an asset in governmental funds.	e and, therefore, it is not			74,472
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in therefore, are not reported as liabilities in liabilities at year-end consist of:				
	Notes and loans payable Compensated absences	\$	(141,412) (214,088)	(355,500)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities				\$ 8,680,859

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

December		General Fund	Capital Debt Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Revenues: Taxes	\$	3,274,619	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,274,619
Licenses and permits	Ф	199,907	5 -	5 -	5 -	199,907
Fines and forfeits		23,327	-	-	-	23,327
Intergovernmental		182,739	-	-	174,710	357,449
Charges for services		54,566	-	-	1/4,/10	54,566
Interest, rents, and royalties		22,255	-	1,040	140	23,435
Miscellaneous		94,471	-	3,577	140	
Miscellaneous		94,4/1		3,377	·	98,048
Total revenues		3,851,884		4,617	174,850	4,031,351
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		524,279	-	-	-	524,279
Public safety		1,790,916	-	-	-	1,790,916
Public works		621,202	-	-	166,899	788,101
Culture and recreation		82,552	-	-	-	82,552
Miscellaneous		193,624	-	-	-	193,624
Capital outlay		-	-	68,716	-	68,716
Debt service:						
Principal		10,385	3,716,828	-	-	3,727,213
Interest		1,198	97,763		<u> </u>	98,961
Total expenditures		3,224,156	3,814,591	68,716	166,899	7,274,362
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
Expenditures	-	627,728	(3,814,591)	(64,099)	7,951	(3,243,011)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in		3,742,598	3,814,591	243,672	14,468	7,815,329
Transfers out		(3,884,113)	(490,632)		(3,440,584)	(7,815,329)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(141,515)	3,323,959	243,672	(3,426,116)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		486,213	(490,632)	179,573	(3,418,165)	(3,243,011)
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year	-	1,314,079	490,632	682,033	3,457,334	5,944,078
End of year	\$	1,800,292	\$ -	\$ 861,606	\$ 39,169	\$ 2,701,067

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ (3,243,011)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period:		
Capital outlays, net of deletions Less: depreciation expense, net of deletions	\$ 38, (280,	110 082) (241,972)
Some taxes will not be collected until after the Borough's year-end; they are not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds. Unavailable revenues decreased by this amount during the year.		(30,855)
The repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. This transaction, however, has no effect on net position. This is the amount of principal repaid on long-term obligations during the		
year.		3,727,213
Governmental funds do not report the net pension assets, as they are not considered a financial resource. The net pension asset was decreased by this amount during the year.		(6,929)
Governmental funds do not report the net OPEB assets, as they are not considered a financial resource. The net OPEB asset was increased by this amount during the year.		19,791
In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses for accumulated employee benefits such as vacations and sick days are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used. This amount represents the difference		
between the amount earned versus the amount used.		(21,665)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 202,572

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Budget			Actual dgetary Basis)	Variance with Budget		
Revenues:				<u> </u>			
Taxes	\$	3,217,228	\$	3,142,202	\$	(75,026)	
Licenses and permits		167,896		199,907		32,011	
Fines and forfeits		26,750		23,327		(3,423)	
Intergovernmental		54,400		182,739		128,339	
Charges for services		23,250		72,208		48,958	
Interest, rents, and royalties		1,090		22,255		21,165	
Miscellaneous		35,600		94,471		58,871	
Total revenues		3,526,214		3,737,109		210,895	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government		603,797		546,738		57,059	
Public safety		1,893,984		1,798,596		95,388	
Public works		826,695		621,202		205,493	
Culture and recreation		121,368		82,552		38,816	
Conservation and development		2,400		-		2,400	
Miscellaneous		11,100		193,624		(182,524)	
Debt service:							
Principal		465,596		10,385		455,211	
Interest		69,895		1,198		68,697	
Total expenditures		3,994,835		3,254,295		740,540	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures		(468,621)		482,814		951,435	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in		313,923		3,695,927		3,382,004	
Transfers out				(3,892,273)		(3,892,273)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		313,923		(196,346)		(510,269)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(154,698)	\$	286,468	\$	441,166	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL DEBT FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

		Budget	(Buo	Actual dgetary Basis)	Variance with Budget		
Revenues:	-						
Interest, rents, and royalties	\$		\$		\$		
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public works		-		68,163		(68,163)	
Debt service:							
Principal		245,072		3,716,827		(3,471,755)	
Interest				97,764		(97,764)	
Total expenditures		245,072		3,882,754		(3,637,682)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures		(245,072)		(3,882,754)		3,637,682	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in		-		3,839,592		3,839,592	
Transfers out				(490,632)		(490,632)	
Total other financing sources (uses)				3,348,960		3,348,960	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(245,072)	\$	(533,794)	\$	(288,722)	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

				Actual	Variance with		
	I	Budget	(Budg	etary Basis)		Budget	
Revenues:				_			
Interest, rent, and royalties	\$	600	\$	1,040	\$	440	
Miscellaneous				3,577		3,577	
Total revenues		600		4,617		4,017	
Expenditures:							
Capital outlay		272,433		68,716		203,717	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures		(271,833)		(64,099)		207,734	
Other Financing (Sources) Uses:							
Transfers in (out)		248,430		236,922		(11,508)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(23,403)	\$	172,823	\$	196,226	

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds									
		Major 1	Funds							
		wimming	So	olid Waste	Re	creation				
		ool Fund	Dis	Disposal Fund		Fund		Total		
Assets										
Current assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	76,839	\$	141,378	\$	4,658	\$	222,875		
Receivables:		,		,		,		,		
Other, net of allowance for		-		233,136		_		233,136		
doubtful accounts of \$38,273										
Due from other funds				60,174				60,174		
Total current assets		76,839	-	434,688		4,658	-	516,185		
Non-current assets:										
Capital assets		1,250,701		120,030		-		1,370,731		
Less accumulated depreciation		(848,216)		(93,279)				(941,495)		
Total non-current assets		402,485		26,751				429,236		
Total Assets		479,324		461,439		4,658		945,421		
Liabilities										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable and other current liabilities		42		41,259		_		41,301		
Due to other funds		191,850		78,868		-		270,718		
Total Liabilities		191,892	-	120,127			-	312,019		
Net Position										
Net investment in capital assets		402,485		26,751		-		429,236		
Unrestricted		(115,053)		314,561		4,658		204,166		
Total Net Position	\$	287,432	\$	341,312	\$	4,658	\$	633,402		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

		Bus	siness	-Type Activi	ties - E	Enterprise Fu	ınds	
		Major	Fund	S				
	S	wimming	Sc	olid Waste	Re	ecreation		
	P	ool Fund	Dis	posal Fund		Fund	Total	
Operating Revenues:		_		_				
Charges for services	\$	89,115	\$	556,689	\$	9,987	\$	655,791
Other operating revenue		6,208		8,150		3,155		17,513
Total operating revenues		95,323		564,839		13,142		673,304
Operating Expenses:								
Employee services		61,302		-		-		61,302
Employee benefits and taxes		7,494		-		-		7,494
Purchase of services		-		548,001		4,765		552,766
Operating material and supplies		15,203		-		5,145		20,348
Administrative expenses		45,040		-		2,878		47,918
Depreciation and amortization		30,502		10,566				41,068
Total operating expenses		159,541		558,567		12,788		730,896
Net Operating Gain (Loss)		(64,218)		6,272		354		(57,592)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):								
Refund of prior year fees		-		(809)		-		(809)
Interest income						1		1
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)				(809)		1		(808)
Change in Net Position		(64,218)		5,463		355		(58,400)
Net Position:								
Beginning of year		351,650		335,849		4,303		691,802
End of year	\$	287,432	\$	341,312	\$	4,658	\$	633,402

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	ool Fund	lid Waste Recreation posal Fund Fund		Total	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:					
Receipts from customers	\$ 162,493	\$ 592,517	\$	9,987	\$ 764,997
Receipt of other revenues	-	-		3,155	3,155
Payments to employees	(68,796)	-		-	(68,796)
Payments to suppliers	 (61,752)	 (556,537)		(12,788)	 (631,077)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	 31,945	 35,980		354	68,279
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:					
Interfund transfers	-	-		-	-
Capital expenditures	 (7,826)	 			 (7,826)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	 (7,826)			<u> </u>	(7,826)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:					
Miscellaneous	-	(809)		-	(809)
Interest income received	 	 		1	 1
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	 	(809)		11	(808)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	24,119	35,171		355	59,645
Cash and Cash Equivalents:					
Beginning of year	 52,720	106,207		4,303	163,230
End of year	\$ 76,839	\$ 141,378	\$	4,658	\$ 222,875

(Continued)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND

(Continued)

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

		Swimming Pool Fund		Solid Waste Disposal Fund		Recreation Fund		Total	
Reconciliation of Net Operating Gain (Loss) to Net						_			
Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:									
Net operating gain (loss)	\$	(64,218)	\$	6,272	\$	354	\$	(57,592)	
Adjustments to reconcile net operating gain (loss) to									
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:									
Depreciation and amortization		30,502		10,566		-		41,068	
Change in assets and liabilities:									
Due to other funds		67,170		719		-		67,889	
Due from other funds		-		(894)		-		(894)	
Other receivables		-		28,572		-		28,572	
Accounts payable		(1,509)		(9,255)				(10,764)	
Total adjustments		96,163		29,708				125,871	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	31,945	\$	35,980	\$	354	\$	68,279	

(Concluded)

COMBINED STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

DECEMBER 31, 2013

Assets	Non-Uniformed Pension Fund	Police Pension Fund	Retired Employee Benefit Fund	Total	
Investments (at fair value):					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 586,977	\$ 586,977	
Common stock	177,134	595,236	-	772,370	
General investment account	1,623,156	3,813,980		5,437,136	
Total investments	1,800,290	4,409,216	586,977	6,796,483	
Due from other fund	4,814	11,885		16,699	
Total Assets	1,805,104	4,421,101	586,977	6,813,182	
Liabilities					
Net Position Held in trust	\$ 1,805,104	\$ 4,421,101	\$ 586,977	\$ 6,813,182	

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Non-Uniformed Pension Fund		Police Pension Fund	E	Retired Imployee nefit Fund	Total		
Additions:								
Contributions:								
Commonwealth	\$	46,612	\$ 85,456	\$	-	\$	132,068	
Employer		60,425	90,325		68,104		218,854	
Employee		17,847	42,391				60,238	
Total contributions		124,884	 218,172		68,104		411,160	
Investment income (loss):								
Net appreciation in fair value of investments		27,640	176,783		-		204,423	
Interest and dividends		63,353	 189,015		680		253,048	
Total investment income (loss)		90,993	 365,798		680		457,471	
Total additions		215,877	583,970		68,784		868,631	
Deductions:								
Benefits		303,491	247,227		2,000		552,718	
Administrative expense		14,349	 13,836		3,150		31,335	
Total deductions		317,840	261,063		5,150		584,053	
Change in Net Position		(101,963)	322,907		63,634		284,578	
Net Position:								
Beginning of year		1,907,067	 4,098,194		523,343		6,528,604	
End of year	\$	1,805,104	\$ 4,421,101	\$	586,977	\$	6,813,182	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Borough of White Oak (Borough), Pennsylvania operates under the Pennsylvania Borough Code, with an elected mayor and seven elected Council members. The Borough provides services in many areas to its residents, including various general government services, public safety, highway maintenance, sewer, and recreation.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the Borough. The effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Major revenues that are susceptible to accrual in governmental funds are grants from other governments and interest on investments. The Borough does not consider revenues from taxes, fines, forfeits, and penalties to be available until received.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Borough's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The Borough uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types" as follows:

The Borough reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the Borough's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Debt Fund

The Capital Debt Fund is composed of the proceeds of the 2010 Pennsylvania Infrastructure Bank (PIB) Note in the original principal amount of \$4,520,046 to be used in road rehabilitation projects. It also accounts for the debt service activity for the note. In 2013, this fund only represents the debt service activity for the Borough.

Capital Projects Fund

Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

The Borough reports the following major proprietary funds:

Swimming Pool Fund

The Swimming Pool Fund accounts for the activities of the Borough's swimming pool.

Solid Waste Disposal Fund

The Solid Waste Disposal Fund is used to account for the operations of the refuse and collection recycling programs within the Borough.

The Borough also reports the following other proprietary fund:

Recreation Fund

The Recreation Fund is used to account for the operations of the Recreation Board. The Recreation Board is responsible for many of the public recreational activities within the Borough.

Additionally, the Borough reports the following fund type as an Other Governmental Fund:

Super Fund

The Super Fund was primarily composed of the principal from the sale of the sewer system that occurred in January of 2007. Per Ordinance 3476, 10% of the principal could be used for emergency or catastrophic losses on an annual basis with the unanimous vote of all seven elected officials. Use of more than 10% of the principal required 51% of the electors voting on a referendum on the ballot. In February 2013, Ordinance 3688 was passed repealing Ordinance 3476. All assets in the Super Fund were transferred to the General Fund.

Liquid Fuels Fund

The Liquid Fuels Fund is the only non-major Special Revenue Fund (fund that accounts for the proceeds of a specific revenue source restricted or committed for specified purposes) of the Borough. The Liquid Fuels Fund accounts for state aid restricted for roads.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

The Borough has the following fiduciary funds:

Fiduciary Funds

The Non-Uniformed Pension Fund and the Police Pension Fund were established to account for assets held by the Borough in a trustee capacity for the Non-Uniformed and Police Pension Plans. The Retirement Trust Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for a \$2,000 retirement benefit to qualified public works and sewer employees. It is used to account for the accumulation of resources for a \$5,000 life insurance benefit for qualified employees other than police, public works, and sewer systems. In addition, it is used to account for funds set aside to cover future OPEB benefits for the police employees.

Cash and Investments

The Borough's cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date of three months or less when purchased by the Borough.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, and repurchase agreements.

Investments are stated at fair value including the investments in the pension trust funds.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

In September of each year, the Borough's Secretary develops a budget. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity, and includes information on the past year, current year estimates, and expected appropriations for the next fiscal year.

Before November 30, the proposed budget is presented to the Borough's Council for review. The Borough's Council holds public hearings and may add to, subtract from, for change appropriations, but may not change the form of the budget. Any changes in the budget must be within the revenues and reserves estimated as available for the Borough's Secretary or the revenue estimates must be changed by an affirmative vote of a majority of the Borough's Council.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the function level.

In accordance with the Borough Code, beginning at least thirty days prior to the adoption of the budget, which shall not be later than December 31, a proposed budget for the ensuing

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

year shall be prepared in a manner designated by the Borough Council. The proposed budget shall be kept on file with the Borough's secretary/treasurer and made available for public inspection for a period of ten days. Notice that the proposed budget is available for public inspection is published by the Borough's secretary/treasurer in a newspaper of general circulation. After the expiration of the said ten days, Borough Council shall make such revisions in the budget as shall be deemed advisable and shall adopt the budget by motion. Details of the budget at the account level of control are kept in the Borough office and are available for public inspection.

For 2013, the Borough budgeted all of its funds. The budgets were prepared on the cash basis. The following is a reconciliation of the excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses for the General Fund between the budgetary basis to the GAAP Basis for the year ended December 31, 2013:

excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses (budgetary basis)	\$ 286,468
Adjustments:	
To adjust revenues and other financing sources to the modified accrual basis	161,446
To adjust expenditures and other financing uses to the modified accrual basis	38,299
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over	
expenditures and other financing uses (GAAP basis)	\$ 486,213

The following is a reconciliation of the excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses for the Capital Debt Fund between the budgetary basis to the GAAP Basis for the year ended December 31, 2013:

excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses (budgetary basis)	\$ (533,794)
Adjustments: To adjust revenues and other financing sources to the modified accrual basis To adjust expenditures and other financing uses to the modified accrual basis	(25,001) 68,163
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses (GAAP basis)	\$ (490,632)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

The following is a reconciliation of the excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses for the Capital Projects Fund between the budgetary basis to the GAAP Basis for the year ended December 31, 2013:

Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses (budgetary basis)	\$ 172,823
Adjustments: To adjust revenues and other financing sources to the modified accrual basis To adjust expenditures and other financing uses to the modified accrual basis	6,750
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses (GAAP basis)	\$ 179,573

Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

In the General Fund, the miscellaneous expenditures exceeded the appropriation. The excess expenditures were funded by intergovernmental revenue received in 2013.

In the Capital Debt Fund, the debt principal, debt interest, and public works expenditures exceeded the appropriation. These excess expenditures were funded by transfers from the General Fund.

Deferred Inflows

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

<u>Interfund Receivables and Payables</u>

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Property and Earned Income Taxes

Property tax revenue and earned income tax revenue are recognized based on amounts levied to the extent collected during the year. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), earned income taxes are recognized as a receivable when the obligation to pay the tax is incurred by the taxpayer (i.e., income subject to the taxes earned). Uncollected property taxes and earned income taxes, reflected on the balance sheet as taxes receivable, are offset by deferred inflows of resources on the fund financial statements. Interest and penalty charges accrued on unpaid taxes are recognized as revenue when received. Tax refunds are charged against revenues when paid.

Solid Waste Fund Accounts Receivable

The solid waste receivable is shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts of \$38,273. The allowance for uncollectible amounts is estimated by management. When the Members of Council approve the liening of a sanitation account, management writes off the amount as uncollectible under the direct write-off method.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Borough as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,500, except for machinery or equipment whose threshold is over \$1,500, and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the Borough are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	50
Site improvements	10-30
Vehicles	3-8
Office equipment	5-10
Computer equipment	5
Pool equipment	10-15

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Infrastructure

10-100

Compensated Absences

Public Works employees under the Local 433 union contract hired on or before December 31, 2006 are entitled to 20 sick days per year with the right to accumulate 150 days. Upon retirement, an employee will be paid for 30% of a maximum of 90 days of unused accumulated sick days. The rate of pay for this benefit shall be the employee's rate of pay at the time of retirement. Public Works employees hired on or after January 1, 2007 are entitled to 10 sick days per year with the right to accumulate 75 days. Upon retirement, an employee will be paid for 30% of a maximum of 45 days of unused accumulated sick days. The rate of pay for this benefit shall be the employee's rate of pay at the time of retirement.

Employees under the police union contract are entitled to 15 days of sick leave per year after they have been employed for one year and permitted to accumulate such sick leave up to 135 days. For employees hired before January 1, 2009, upon normal retirement, 50% of the accumulated sick days will be paid at the employee's regular base pay. For employees hired on or after January 1, 2009, upon normal retirement, the accumulated sick days will be paid at \$50 per day up to a maximum of 150 accumulated sick days.

Employees under the police union contract accrue compensatory time up to 480 hours. They are compensated at 100% of their current salary if they leave employment with the Borough.

Administration employees receive 20 sick days per year, which can be carried over to the next year if unused. They can accrue a maximum of 150 days plus 20 days current (1275 hours max). Administration employees are not paid for unused sick days when they leave employment.

A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. In the government-wide financial statements, compensated absences of \$214,088 are recorded as a non-current liability due in more than one year.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. When incurred, bond premiums and discounts would be deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds would then be reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. The Borough has no bonds or related costs recorded at December 31, 2013.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Fund Balance

GASB establishes accounting and financial standards for all governments that report governmental funds. It establishes criteria for classifying fund balances into specifically defined classifications and clarifies definitions as follow:

Non-spendable

The non-spendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in a spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The Borough does not have a non-spendable fund balance as of December 31, 2013.

Restricted

Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (Borough ordinances).

Enabling legislation authorizes the Borough to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the Borough can be compelled by an external party, such as citizens, to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.

Committed

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (ordinance or resolution) of the Borough Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Borough Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by the Borough Council, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints are not considered to be legally enforceable.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Assigned

Amounts in assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Borough for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Borough Council or a Borough official delegated with that authority.

Unassigned

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts have been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The Borough applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Net Position

Net position is classified into three components – net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

• Net investment in capital assets - This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds or deferred inflows of resources at the end of the reporting period, the portion of the debt or deferred inflows of resources attributable to the unspent amount is not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Instead, that portion of the debt or deferred inflow of resources is included in the same net position component (restricted or unrestricted) as the unspent amount.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

- Restricted This component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Generally, a liability relates to restricted assets if the asset results from a resource flow that also results in the recognition of a liability or if the liability will be liquidated with the restricted assets reported.
- Unrestricted This component of net position consists of net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted components of net position.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Adopted Pronouncements

The Borough has adopted GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity." This statement improved financial reporting for a government reporting entity by modifying existing requirements for the assessment of potential component units. The adoption of this standard had no impact on the Borough's financial statements.

The Borough has adopted GASB Statement No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities." This statement reclassifies certain items currently being reported as assets and liabilities as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. In addition, this statement recognizes certain items currently being reported as assets and liabilities as outflows of resources and inflows of resources.

Pending Pronouncements

GASB has issued Statement No. 67, "Financial Reporting for Pension Plans," effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2013, and has also issued Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions," and Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date," effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. These statements revise existing guidance for the financial reports of most pension plans, and establish new financial reporting requirements for most governments that provide their employees with pension benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

GASB has issued Statement No. 69, "Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations," effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2013. This statement intends to improve accounting and financial reporting for combinations and disposals of government operations.

GASB has issued Statement No. 70, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees," effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2013. This statement specifies the information required to be disclosed by governments that extend non-exchange financial guarantees, and requires a government that extends a non-exchange financial guarantee to recognize a liability when qualitative factors and historical data, if any, indicate that it is more likely than not that the government will be required to make a payment on the guarantee.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash includes amounts in demand deposit accounts. Governmental fund investments are stated at fair value which approximates cost. Pension trust fund investments are reported at fair value. Pennsylvania statutes provide for investment of governmental funds (which excludes pension trust funds) into certain authorized investment types including U.S. Treasury bills, other short-term U.S. and Pennsylvania government obligations, insured or collateralized time deposits, and certificates of deposit. The statutes do not prescribe regulations related to demand deposits; however, they do allow the pooling of governmental funds for investment purposes.

The deposit and investment policy of the Borough adheres to state statutes and prudent business practice. Deposits of the governmental funds are either maintained in demand deposits or invested with approved investment pools.

GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures," requires disclosures related to the following deposit and investment risks: credit risk (including custodial credit risk and concentrations of credit risk), interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk. The following is a description of the Borough's deposit and investment risks:

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned to it. The Borough does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At December 31, 2013, \$2,109,624 of the Borough's bank balance of \$2,614,645 was exposed to custodial credit risk, which is collateralized in accordance with Act 72 of the Pennsylvania state legislature, which requires the institution to pool collateral for all governmental deposits and have the

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

collateral held by an approved custodian in the institution's name. These deposits have carrying amounts of \$2,505,815 as of December 31, 2013.

Interest Rate Risk – The Borough does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk – The Borough has no formal investment policy that would limit its investment choices based on credit ratings by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. At December 31, 2013, the Borough does not have any investments exposed to credit risk.

Pension Trust Fund investments are held separately from those of other Borough funds. Currently, \$5,437,136 of these investments is pooled in a general investment account through Principal Financial Group. Funds are invested in a portfolio that consists of intermediate term, fixed income investments, such as public and private corporate bonds, fixed income investments, such as public and private corporate bonds, commercial and residential mortgages, asset-backed securities, and U.S. government and agency-backed securities. These investments are carried at fair value. Principal Financial Group indicates from the general investment account an average effective maturity of 6.90 years and, therefore, they are subject to interest rate risk. 97% of these proprietary investments have external ratings of BBB or better. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Borough will not be able to recover the value of its investments. To reduce investment risks, Principal Financial Group invests assets in a diversified portfolio. At December 31, 2013, the Borough also had Principal Financial common stock totaling \$772,370 in the pension funds.

The Retirement Trust Fund Investments are also held separately from those of other Borough funds. There is currently a checking account with a carrying amount of \$586,977. The entire balance was exposed to custodial credit risk at December 31, 2013.

The Borough has no foreign currency risks for any of its funds.

3. PROPERTY TAXES

The Borough is permitted by the Borough Code of the State of Pennsylvania to levy property taxes at the Borough's discretion as considered necessary for general governmental services. The Borough real estate taxes were levied at the rate of 4.66 mills per the 2013 tax ordinance. The taxable assessed value for 2013 real estate taxes was \$406,261,608, which is

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

approximately 100% of the fair market value and reflects a reassessment conducted by Allegheny County.

Real estate taxes are based on assessed valuations provided by Allegheny County (County) and are levied on April 1. These taxes are billed and collected by an elected tax collector. Taxes paid through May 31 are given a 2% discount. Amounts paid after July 31, 2013 are assessed a 10% penalty. Any uncollected balances at January 31, 2014 were turned over for collection to an outside service.

The property tax calendar for 2013 was as follows:

2013 Millage rate adopted	December 19, 2012
2013 Bills dated	April 1, 2013
2013 Two percent discount period ended	May 31, 2013
2013 Penalty period began	August 1, 2013

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets during fiscal year 2013 is as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Balance at uary 1, 2013	 Additions	([Deletions)	Balance at mber 31, 2013
Governmental Activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 758,866	\$ 	\$	-	\$ 758,866
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	1,455,904	27,977		-	1,483,881
Land improvements	128,863	-		-	128,863
Equipment and vehicles	1,766,643	36,524		(45,559)	1,757,608
Infrastructure	 5,073,833	 19,168			 5,093,001
	8,425,243	83,669		(45,559)	8,463,353
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	(1,223,995)	(14,029)		-	(1,238,024)
Land improvements	(131,198)	(2,539)		-	(133,737)
Equipment and vehicles	(1,222,382)	(93,747)		-	(1,316,129)
Infrastructure	 (400,313)	(169,767)			(570,080)
Total accumulated depreciation	(2,977,888)	(280,082)		_	(3,257,970)
Governmental activities					
Capital assets, net	\$ 6,206,221	\$ (196,413)	\$	(45,559)	\$ 5,964,249

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	_	alance at ary 1, 2013	A	dditions	(Dele	tions)	alance at aber 31, 2013
Business-Type Activities:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	50,000	\$	-	\$		\$ 50,000
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Building and pool		1,106,675		-		-	1,106,675
Sewage system		-		-		-	-
Computers and equipment		206,230		7,826		-	214,056
Computer software		-		-		-	-
Mapping, copyright, and patent				-			
		1,312,905		7,826		-	1,320,731
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Building and pool		(677,876)		(26,680)		-	(704,556)
Computers and equipment		(222,551)		(14,388)		-	(236,939)
Computer software		-		-		-	-
Mapping, copyright, and patent		<u>-</u>				<u> </u>	 <u>-</u>
Total accumulated depreciation		(900,427)		(41,068)		-	(941,495)
Business-type activities							
Capital assets, net	\$	462,478	\$	(33,242)	\$		\$ 429,236

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the Borough as follows:

Governmental Activities:		
General government	\$	34,242
Public safety		209,759
Public works		36,081
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$	280,082
Business-Type Activities:	•	
Pool	\$	30,502
Solid waste		10,566
Total depreciation expense - enterprise activities	\$	41,068

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

5. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivables, payables, and transfers at December 31, 2013 are summarized below:

	Interfund	Interfund		
Fund	Receivables	Payables		
Major Funds:				
General	\$ 270,718	\$ (76,873)		
Capital Debt Fund	-	-		
Swimming Pool Fund	-	(191,850)		
Capital Projects Fund	-	-		
Solid Waste Disposal Fund	60,174	(78,868)		
Fiduciary Funds	16,699	-		
Other Governmental Funds				
Total	\$ 347,591	\$ (347,591)		
Fund	Transfers In	Transfers Out		
Major Funds:				
General	\$ 3,742,598	\$ (3,884,113)		
Capital Debt Fund	3,814,591	(490,632)		
Swimming Pool Fund	-	-		
Capital Projects Fund	243,672	-		
Solid Waste Disposal Fund	-	-		
Other Governmental Funds	14,468	(3,440,584)		
Total	\$ 7,815,329	\$ (7,815,329)		

Transfers between funds mainly represent reimbursements and administrative fees paid on behalf of other funds. Also, in 2013, all Super Fund assets were transferred to the General Fund. All due to/due from amounts are expected to be liquidated within the next year, except the \$191,850 due to the General Fund from the Swimming Pool Fund. The Swimming Pool Fund will reimburse the General Fund for payroll expenditures when funds become available.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

6. LONG-TERM DEBT

General Obligation Note 2003

This is a General Obligation Note (note) issued for the White Oak Volunteer Fire Company No. 1 for the purpose of purchasing a fire truck. The note was issued October 2003 for \$150,000 at a 2.0% interest rate for a term of 15 years with annual installments of \$11,583 including interest.

Future annual debt service requirements for the note are as follows:

	P	rincipal	I1	nterest	Total
2014	\$	10,596	\$	987	\$ 11,583
2015		10,810		773	11,583
2016		11,028		555	11,583
2017		11,250		333	11,583
2018		9,742		105	9,847
	\$	53,426	\$	2,753	\$ 56,179

Authority for Improvements in Municipalities (AIM)

This is a General Obligation Note (note) issued for the purpose of purchasing a public works vehicle and equipment. The note was issued April 2010 for \$108,666 at a 1.79% interest rate for a term of five years with annual principal payment of \$21,733 plus interest. The debt service payments commenced in April 2011.

Future annual debt service requirements for the note are as follows:

	Principal		I	nterest	Total		
2014	\$	21,733	\$	778	\$	22,511	
2015		21,733		389		22,122	
	\$	43,466	\$	1,167	\$	44,633	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Pennsylvania Infrastructure Bank Note

On April 26, 2010, the Borough entered in a general obligation note agreement with the Pennsylvania Infrastructure Bank in the principal amount of \$4,520,046 for road rehabilitation projects. The note is due in ten annual installments of \$493,379, including principal and interest. The debt service payments commenced in April 2011. The note carries an interest rate of 1.625%. The loan was paid in full by December 31, 2013.

Pennsylvania Infrastructure Bank Note

On March 10, 2010, the Borough entered in a general obligation note agreement with the Pennsylvania Infrastructure Bank in the principal amount of \$108,666 for the purchase of a public works vehicle and equipment. The note is due in five annual installments of \$22,804, including principal and interest. The debt service payments commenced in March 2011. The note carries an interest rate of 1.625% and matures in March 2015.

Future annual debt service requirements for the note are as follows:

	<u>P</u>	Principal		nterest	Total		
2014	\$	22,081	\$	723	\$	22,804	
2015		22,439		365		22,804	
	\$	44,520	\$	1,088	\$	45,608	

Governmental Activities:

	I	Balance at	Principal	O	ther	В	alance at	Due Within		
	January 1, 2013		Repayments	ryments Changes		December 31, 2013			One Year	
Loans and notes Compensated absences	\$	3,868,625 192,423	\$ (3,727,213) 21,665	\$	- -	\$	141,412 214,088	\$	54,410	
	\$	4,061,048	\$ (3,705,548)	\$		\$	355,500	\$	54,410	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Future annual debt service requirements for the Borough are as follows:

	P	Principal	I1	nterest	Total
2014	\$	54,410	\$	2,488	\$ 56,898
2015		54,982		1,527	56,509
2016		11,028		555	11,583
2017		11,250		333	11,583
2018		9,742		105	9,847
	\$	141,412	\$	5,008	\$ 146,420

7. Pension Plans

Plan Descriptions

The Borough administers two single-employer defined pension plans covering substantially all full-time employees: the Non-Uniformed Pension Plan (Non-Uniformed Plan), which covers all of the full-time office and public works employees and the Police Pension Plan (Police Plan), which covers all of its full-time police officers. Plan provisions are established by municipal ordinance with the Authority for municipal contributions required by Act 205 of the Commonwealth (Act). Stand-alone financial statements are not issued for either plan.

As of January 1, 2013, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, participants in the Non-Uniformed Plan and Police Plan were as follows:

	Non-	
	Uniformed	Police
Participants:		
Retirees and beneficiaries	2	10
Deferred vested	6	0
Active employees:		
Vested	12	7
Non-vested	0	3

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Financial information of the Borough's plans is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions to each plan are recognized when due as required by the Act.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the individual plan.

Investments of the plans are reported at the fair market value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price.

Contributions and Funding Policy

The Act requires that annual contributions be based upon the calculation of the Minimum Municipal Obligation (MMO). The MMO calculation is based upon the biennial actuarial valuation. Employees are not required to contribute under the Act; such contributions are subject to collective bargaining. The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania allocates certain funds to assist in pension funding. Any financial requirement established by the MMO, which exceeds the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania allocation must be funded by the Borough (and could include employee contributions).

For 2013, both employee groups were required to contribute based upon the financial requirements established by their collective bargaining contract. In 2013, the Non-Uniformed Plan contribution rate was 3.25% and the Police Retirement Plan contribution rate was 5.0%.

State funding provided \$132,068 toward meeting the MMO obligations totaling \$282,818 for the Non-Uniformed Plan and the Police Plan. The remaining portion was funded by the Borough.

Administrative costs, including investment, custodial trustee, and actuarial services are charged to the appropriate plan and funded from investment earnings.

The Borough's annual pension cost and related information for each plan is as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Uı	Non- Uniformed		Police
Annual pension cost	\$	114,240	\$	175,507
Contributions made	\$	107,037	\$	175,781
Actuarial valuation date		1/1/2013	1	/1/2013
Actuarial cost method		ntry Age Normal		ntry Age Normal
Amortization method	_	vel Dollar Closed	Le	vel Dollar Closed
Asset valuation method	Fa	ir Value	F	air Value
Amortization period	9	9 years		12 years
Actuarial assumptions: Investment rate of return Post-retirement interest rate Projected salary increases Underlying inflation rate		6.25% 5.50% 4.25% 3.00%		6.25% N/A 4.50% 3.00%

For the Police Plan, the Borough's net pension obligation at transition to GASB Statement No. 27, "Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers," was determined to be zero and a net pension obligation of \$5,703 exists in the Police Plan at December 31, 2013. In addition, a net pension asset (a negative net pension obligation) of \$79,487 exists in the Non-Uniformed Plan at December 31, 2013.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Trend Information

	Year Ending	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation (Asset)
Non-Uniformed:	12/31/2011	\$ 109,635	75%	\$ (98,631)
	12/31/2012	104,741	78%	(86,690)
	12/31/2013	114,240	94%	(79,487)
Police:	12/31/2011	\$ 168,907	95%	\$ 5,380
	12/31/2012	168,242	96%	5,977
	12/31/2013	175,507	100%	5,703

The Borough has a net pension asset (a negative net pension obligation (NPO)) in their Non-Uniformed Plan as of December 31, 2013 calculated as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$ 107,037
Interest on NPO	(5,635)
Adjustments to the ARC	12,838
Annual pension cost Contribution made	114,240 107,037
Change in NPO NPO, 12/31/2012	7,203 (86,690)
NPO, 12/31/2013	\$ (79,487)

The Borough has a net pension obligation in their Police Plan as of December 31, 2013 calculated as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Annual required contribution Interest on NPO Adjustments to the ARC	\$ 175,781 389 (663)
Annual pension cost Contribution made	175,507 175,781
Change in NPO NPO, 12/31/2012	(274) 5,977
NPO, 12/31/2013	\$ 5,703

The Borough's funded status and related information as of the latest actuarial valuation date, January 1, 2013, is as follows:

	Actuarial	Excess of			Excess (Deficiency)	
Actuarial	Accrued	Assets			as a Percentage	
Value of	Liability (AAL)	Over (Under)	Funded	Covered	of Covered	
Assets	Entry Age	AAL	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll	
Non-Uniformed \$ 1,784,722	l: \$ 2,220,990	\$ (436,268)	80.36%	\$ 568,094	(76.80)%	
Police: \$ 4,832,848	\$ 5,054,420	\$ (221,572)	95.62%	\$ 808,844	(27.39)%	

The required schedule of funding progress included as required supplementary information immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

As noted above, certain pension information and calculations are based upon an actuarial valuation performed as of January 1, 2013. The next actuarial valuation will be performed as of January 1, 2015 and will take into account subsequent changes in the market value of investments being held in the Plans.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

8. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

In addition to the pension benefits disclosed in Note 8, labor agreements have provided for certain postemployment benefits, other than pension benefits, to be provided to retirees or their beneficiaries. The plan is considered partially "funded." Annual contributions are primarily funded through annual appropriations from the Borough's General Fund. Post-retirement benefits consist of health care benefits for the police department until Medicare eligibility, a \$2,000 cash payout for public works employees, and a \$5,000 paid up life insurance policy upon retirement of all others. For GASB Statement No. 45 purposes, the employer's coverage is considered a single plan, even though there are different types of benefits and different employee groups included. The plan operates as a single employer defined benefit plan. Stand-alone financial statements are not issued for the plan.

Benefit provisions for the plan are established and amended through negotiations between the Borough and the respective unions.

Funding Policy: The plan is considered "partially funded." For fiscal year 2013, the Borough contributed \$68,104 to the plan. Employees are not required to make contributions for basic life insurance or health insurance.

Annual OPEB Cost. The Borough's annual OPEB cost (expense) for the plan is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed fifteen years.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about age, mortality, and the healthcare costs trend.

Premium rates charged to the Borough for most benefits are related to the combined experience of active and retired lives. For many benefits, age tends to be a significant factor in average claims cost per person. The average amount of retiree claims will tend to be higher than the average amount of active claims. As a result, premiums being paid will be higher than if only actives were covered but lower than if only retirees were covered. Therefore, there is an implicit subsidy for the retirees. Accordingly, age adjusted medical cost per covered retiree life was developed. The use of this age-adjusted cost means that there would be a cost to the Borough even if the retiree paid the entire charged premium. This cost is equal to the amount of the subsidy.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The following table shows the components of the Borough's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the Plans, and changes in the Borough's net OPEB obligations, as well as the assumptions used to calculate the net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$ 45,779
Interest on net OPEB obligation	(2,734)
Adjustment to annual required contribution	5,268
Annual OPEB cost	48,313
Contributions made	68,104
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	(19,791)
Net OPEB obligation (asset) beginning of year	(54,681)
Net OPEB obligation (asset) end of year	\$ (74,472)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

The Borough's annual OPEB cost and related information for the plan is as follows:

Amortization method	Level	dollar
Asset valuation method	Marke	t value
Remaining amortization period	15 year	rs
Actuarial assumptions: Investment rate of return	5.0%	
Health care inflation rate	5% for	2013 and later
Dental inflation rate	3% for	2013 and later
Age adjustment for health care costs:		
Age 45	\$	4,494
Age 50		5,287
Age 55		6,218
Age 60		7,421
Age 64		8,353

For the Actuarial Valuation report dated January 1, 2012, the actuarial value of assets is \$439,161, and the actuarial accrued liability is \$625,626 for a funded ratio of 70%. The assets are included in the Retirement Trust Fund, which is a fiduciary fund included in the Borough's financial statements. While the Borough has not taken all necessary steps to legally make the Retirement Trust Fund irrevocable, the Borough's current and past intent, and past practice has been that the Trust Fund be treated as irrevocable and the Actuarial Valuation treats it as such.

Three-Year Trend Information

	Ann	ual OPEB	Percentage of	Net OPEB		
Year Ending	Cos	st (AOC)	AOC Contributed	Obligation (Asset)		
December 31, 2013	\$	48,313	140.96%	\$	(74,472)	
December 31, 2012		46,857	167.06%		(54,681)	
December 31, 2011		75,272	99.59%		(23,258)	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

9. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The Borough offers its employees a deferred compensation plan (plan) created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The funds are not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. At December 31, 2013, all amounts of compensation deferred under the plan were held in trust solely for the benefit of the participants. Investments are managed by the plan's trustee under several investment options selected by the participant. Deferred compensation assets at December 31, 2013 totaled \$303,666. Under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 32, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans," the plan is not required to be included in the Borough's financial statements.

10. CONTINGENCIES

The Borough is involved in a number of other matters arising in the ordinary course of its operations. At present, management believes the ultimate outcome of these matters, after consideration of any applicable insurance coverage, will not be material to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The Borough maintains insurance through independent carriers for all types of business losses. Management believes the insurance coverage is sufficient to cover the Borough against potential losses. There have been no significant changes in insurance coverage since the prior fiscal year and settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three years.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULES OF FUNDING PROGRESS

	Actuarial Valuation Date	 Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued bility (AAL)	Excess of Assets ver (Under) AAL	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	Excess as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
Non-Uniformed:	1/1/2009 1/1/2011 1/1/2013	\$ 1,226,404 1,514,772 1,784,722	\$ 1,759,346 2,024,950 2,220,990	\$ (532,942) (510,178) (436,268)	69.71% 74.81% 80.36%	\$ 714,650 583,538 568,094	(74.57%) (87.43%) (76.80%)
Police:	1/1/2009 1/1/2011 1/1/2013	\$ 4,089,804 4,509,067 4,832,848	\$ 4,390,443 4,842,457 5,054,420	\$ (300,639) (333,390) (221,572)	93.15% 93.12% 95.62%	\$ 866,062 915,360 808,844	(34.71%) (36.42%) (27.39%)

Note: State law requires biennial valuations on the odd-numbered years.

SCHEDULES OF CONTRIBUTIONS FROM EMPLOYER AND OTHER CONTRIBUTING ENTITIES

		Annual			
	Calendar	Required	Percentage		
	Year	Contributions	Contributed		
Non-Uniformed:					
	2008	\$ 48,777	>100%		
	2009	65,187	>100%		
	2010	89,323	100%		
	2011	96,682	84%		
	2012	92,800	100%		
	2013	107,037	100%		
Police:					
	2008	\$ 51,213	100%		
	2009	96,000	100%		
	2010	162,964	110%		
	2011	168,805	96%		
	2012	167,645	100%		
	2013	175,781	100%		

Note: Contributions include state pension aid.

NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

	Non- Uniformed	Police
Actuarial valuation date	1/1/2013	1/1/2013
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level Dollar Closed	Level Dollar Closed
Asset valuation method	Fair Value	Fair Value
Amortization period	9 years	12 years
Actuarial assumptions: Investment rate of return Post-retirement interest rate Projected salary increases Underlying inflation rate	6.25% 5.50% 4.25% 3.00%	6.25% N/A 4.50% 3.00%

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

(Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

Actuarial Valuation Date	(a) Actuarial ue of Asset	 (b) arial Accrued Liability	(Unfun	verfunded nded) Actuarial ued Liability	(a/b) Funded Ratio	(c) Covered Payroll	Overfunded (Unfunded) Actuarial Accrued Liability (b-a) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
01/01/12 01/01/09	\$ 439,161 192,370	\$ 625,626 706,353	\$	(186,465) (513,983)	70.2% 27.2%	N/A N/A	N/A N/A

Note: Valuations are required every three years, since the Borough has less than 200 participants.

POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION BENEFITS (OPEBs) FACTORS AND TRENDS USED IN ACTUARIAL VALUATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Actuarial valuation date		1/1/2012
Actuarial cost method		Entry Age Normal
Amortization method		Level dollar
Asset valuation method		Market Value
Remaining amortization period		15 years
Actuarial assumptions: Investment rate of return		5.0%
Health care inflation rate:		
Year	Medical/Rx	Dental
2012 2013 and later	4.00% 5.00%	0.00% 3.00%

Premium Schedules as of January 1, 2012

Age	Medical/Rx					
45	\$	4,494				
50		5,287				
55		6,218				
60		7,421				
64		8,353				



BALANCE SHEET OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Liç	iper ind	Total Other Governmental Funds		
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	47,822	\$ 	\$	47,822
Total Assets	\$	47,822	\$ 	\$	47,822
Liabilities and Fund Balance					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	8,653	\$ -	\$	8,653
Fund Balance:					
Restricted		39,169	 		39,169
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	47,822	\$ -	\$	47,822

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue Funds					
	Lio	quid Fuels Fund		Super Fund	Total Other Governmental Funds	
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	174,710	\$	-	\$	174,710
Interest, rent, and royalties		140				140
Total revenues		174,850				174,850
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public works:						
Highway maintenance - cleaning of streets		60.017		-		- 60.017
Highway maintenance - snow and ice removal Highway maintenance - traffic signals, signs		60,917 9,927		-		60,917 9,927
		-		-		*
Highway maintenance - street lighting		96,023 32		-		96,023 32
Highway maintenance - other Capital outlay		-		<u>-</u>		-
Total expenditures		166,899				166,899
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		7,951				7,951
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in		14,468		_		14,468
Transfers out		(752)		(3,439,832)		(3,440,584)
Total other financing sources (uses)		13,716		(3,439,832)		(3,426,116)
Net Change in Fund Balance		21,667		(3,439,832)		(3,418,165)
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year		17,502		3,439,832		3,457,334
End of year	\$	39,169	\$		\$	39,169

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL REVENUES FUNDS - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Liquid Fuels							Super Fund					
		Budget		Actual		Variance with		Budget		Actual	Variance with		
	Ori	Original/Final		(Budgetary Basis)		Final Budget		Original/Final		dgetary Basis)	Final Budget		
Revenues:													
Intergovernmental	\$	174,421	\$	174,710	\$	289	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -		
Interest, rent, and royalties		25		140		115							
Total revenues		174,446		174,850		404							
Expenditures:													
Current:													
Public works		189,525		167,223		22,302		-		-	-		
Capital outlay													
Total expenditures		189,525		167,223		22,302							
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues													
Over Expenditures		(15,079)		7,627		22,706							
Other Financing (Sources) Uses:													
Transfers out		(22,900)		-		22,900		_		(3,439,832)	(3,439,832)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(37,979)	\$	7,627	\$	45,606	\$		\$	(3,439,832)	\$ (3,439,832)		